

APPLICATION BY LIVERPOOL BAY CCS LIMITED FOR AN ORDER GRANTING DEVELOPMENT CONSENT FOR THE HYNET CARBON DIOXIDE PIPELINE

APPLICATION REF EN070007 PIBLINELL CARBON DEUOCSID HYNET / HYNET CARBON DIOXIDE PIPELINE

FLINTSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL'S RESPONSE TO TABLE 2-5 OF [REP6-035] – DEADLINE 6 SUBMISSION - D.7.50 APPLICANT'S COMMENTS ON SUBMISSIONS RECEIVED AT DEADLINE 5

SUBMITTED AT DEADLINE 7 – TUESDAY 5 SEPTEMBER 2023

Please find in the column on the right FCC's comments on Table 2-5: Applicant's Comments on Submission Received from Flintshire County Council (FCC) at Deadline 6 [REP6-035]

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
	4. Biodivers	sity, Ecology and	Natural Environment		1		1		
Q1.4.2	4. Biodivers Monitoring FCC	IPS Confirm whether you are satisfied with the monitoring measures during construction and post construction described within Section 9.13 of ES - Chapter 9 - Biodiversity [APP-061]. In particular, your comments are invited on the monitoring requirements anticipated during construction detailed within Table 9.13 and within Appendices 9.1 - 9.10 (Volume III), in relation to protected species licencing and the Outline Landscape Ecology Management Plan [APP-229]. As well as the post-construction monitoring	Natural Environment Construction monitoring measures: Table 9.13 of the ES Chapter 9 - Biodiversity [APP-061] with REAC references and OCEMP-Table 6.6: Construction Management and Mitigation summarises REAC references which comprise: Biodiversity BD-001 references the appointment of a Team of Ecological Clerk of Works to support oversee and monitor the Construction Contractor D-BD-002 relates to Permits and EPS licences - Protected species licensing is likely to include additional monitoring in relation to any required mitigation as well as an external auditor. D -BD-003 the appointment of a third party to undertake Environmental compliance audits and regularly report on all parties. FCC is satisfied with the above monitoring measures proposed during construction.	Construction Monitoring Measures The Applicant understands FCC's statement to mean that an External Auditor is key during the construction phase, but it is not clear from the comment whether FCC is seeking such provision during the operation and maintenance phase. The Applicant acknowledges the response of FCC in respect of construction monitoring measures. With regards the appointment of an External Auditor during construction, this is captured via item D-BD-003 of the Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan (OCEMP) [REP1- 017].	To clarify in reference to D-BD-002 in particular GCN EPS licence – this will need to include monitoring and auditing both for construction and the operation and maintenance phase. The details may be specific to the licence but the information needs to be included within the final REAC. It is understood that mitigation and BNG are two separate concepts. The point was that management timescales should be the same ie 30 years. It is noted that Paragraph 6.1.2 of the Outline Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [APP-229]	The Applicant can confirm that details of monitoring and auditing will be included within the GCN EPS licence. Habitat planting for mitigation (including reinstatement of habitats) will be maintained for the establishment period to ensure the function is met then land management will return to the landowner. It is inappropriate for the Applicant to seek to control and restrict a landowner's use of land for 30 years for this form of planting. The Applicant considers that the question needs to differentiate between forms of mitigation planting. Landscape mitigation around surface sites and woodland mitigation planting will be managed by the Applicant as part of the development. Hedgerow reinstatement planting would revert to the landowner post establishment. That is appropriate as these hedgerows as replacement not new and should revert to the existing landowner. Transfer to a body is only likely to be applicable for woodland mitigation planting	Clarification noted	The Applicant notes the response and has no further comment.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.
		proposed to be	An External Auditor is	-	notes that, where	and would depend on the			

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		undertaken in accordance with a Landscape Ecology Management Plan (LEMP) [APP-230] developed at Detailed Design. The LEMP is proposed to be included within the Operations and Maintenance Environment Management Plan (OMEMP), provided post-construction. The ExA acknowledges that this may be covered by a SoCG. If the answer to these questions are being covered by a SoCG please indicate that accordingly. Applicant The ExA notes the LEMP is to be developed at what is described as 'Detailed Design', yet a LEMP has been provided [APP-230]. At what design stage is	key to ensuring construction works, mitigation and licences adhere to the agreed plans but are only proposed for the duration of construction, and not in the long term during the maintenance and management period for landscape planting. LEMP: It is considered that the LEMP need to include a description of what success looks like. For example, provide the number of species planted successfully grown to a certain height, or at what point establishment can be signed off. OLEMP: includes 5-year timescales for individual tree and hedgerow establishment and 10 years for native tree and woodland planting. To ensure proper establishment, longer timescales for establishment of woodland planting are needed e.g. 15 years with monitoring after this to ensure it remains in good condition. Timescales should be in line with that proposed for the BNG of circa 30years. What isn't clear within the documentation is if HyNet would retain	its current and future content. FCC's comments are acknowledged. OLEMP Mitigation planting and BNG are separate and distinct concepts with different requirements, and it is inappropriate to conflate these. Habitat planting for mitigation will be maintained for the establishment period to ensure the function is met then land management will return to the landowner. It is inappropriate for the Applicant to seek to control and restrict a landowner's use of	appropriate, a review will be undertaken of the needs for future maintenance and management of created habitats beyond the establishment/ma intenance period. What is the incentive for the landowner to maintain the mitigation planting beyond the handover period? And who will enforce this? Will the DCO be able to transfer mitigation land to a third party eg Nature Conservation Body if the landowner does not wish to manage it?	form of land agreement reached. Where the Applicant acquires the freehold (as is proposed) it would be an option however that is not yet determined.			

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		the document currently? Can the Applicant clarify its inclusion? For example, is its present inclusion to allow consultee responses to feed into the detailed design version? Paragraph 9.13.4 of [APP-061] refers to a 'HEMP' being developed from the detailed Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) and the LEMP. Confirm what is the HEMP and its role. Sensitive land uses are identified within, or within 250m, of Sections 4, 5 and 6 include; Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), Special Area of Conservation (SAC) and designated ancient woodland. In the event of a	ownership of the mitigation woodlands. Furthermore, the documentation does not include details with regards to how the long-term management would be monitored. It is considered that there is a need for the external auditor to be retained or a separate organisation (e.g. Woodland Trust, North Wales Wildlife Trust etc) commissioned to ensure the security of the long-term management. There is concern that the LPA will not have time to negotiate a detailed LEMP or the resources to ensure compliance/enforcement. There needs to be liaison between the external auditor and the LPA regarding the compliance with the approved documents and similarly with NRW regarding licences.	Interested Party Comment Management Plan [APP-229] notes that, where appropriate, a review will be undertaken of the needs for future maintenance and management of created habitats beyond the establishment/mai ntenance period. The mitigation planting is not being used to evidence any gains associated with the BNG assessment. Mitigation planting is not proposed to count towards the requirement of Lowland mixed deciduous woodland compensation which is instead being delivered off- site where a minimum 30-year management can be ensured and delivered by a suitably experienced body. The Applicant has been in contact with the Woodlands Trust,					
		pipeline leakage or groundwater		the North Wales Wildlife Trust and					

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		from the Proposed DCO Development how would watercourses/ groundwater/ ecology be safeguarded in the monitoring controls available? Can potential pollution or acidification of inland water be adequately avoided/ safeguarded? If		evidenced in the BNG Strategy Update (document reference: D.7.23) submitted at Deadline 2, to discuss maintenance provision of BNG habitats.					
Q1.4.3	BNG/ Biodiversit y Enhancem ent FCC	so, how? Paragraph's 9.2.33-36 of ES Chapter 9 states that Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) will be a statutory requirement for most planning applications, as per the new Environment Act (previously Environment Bill), which achieved Royal Assent through Parliament on 9 November 2021. Whilst there is currently a transition period before mandatory requirements come into force	With regards to the Biodiversity Metric details, FCC respectfully defers the Examining Authority to Cheshire West and Chester Council. With regards to the principles, I understand that the current BNG has been modelled to achieve 1% Net Gain of Priority habitats since 10% is not yet mandatory but if 10% gain is to become mandatory within the construction timescales there is a moral/best practice obligation to demonstrate more than 1% gain. Further mitigation is likely to be required for to be provided by the	The current BNG target for the DCO Proposed Development, set by The Applicant, is a minimum of 1% net gain in priority habitats. The Applicant notes that there is no statutory obligation under the Environment Act 2021 on this Application to provide BNG. Therefore, while delivery of BNG is agreed to be desirable, the 10% provision threshold does not apply and any positive gain is a benefit and accords with policy.	Noted			An updated version of the BNG Strategy [REP5-012] has been submitted at Deadline 6. Further updates of the BNG Strategy [REP5-012] and BNG Assessment [REP3-023] will be submitted prior to the end of the Examination.	further comments to

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				Comment					
		(expected to be	applicant as part of the	Commission					
		winter 2023), it	European Protected	It is the Applicant's					
		will require	Species Great Crested	understanding,					
		development to	Newt licence and Water	based upon most					
		deliver a 10%	Framework Directive	recent guidance					
		net gain in	riverine habitats which	published by					
		biodiversity	could contribute to these	DEFRA, that the					
		units (area	enhancements but as	statutory					
		habitat, hedge	yet are unmeasured.	requirement of					
		and river units		10% net gain will					
		where	Facilitating BNG	not become an					
		applicable), as	Discussions have taken	obligation, in any					
		determined	place with Flintshire	terms, until 2025					
		through the use	Countryside Service	for NSIPs, and					
		of a biodiversity	regarding	even then it will					
		metric.	enhancements that	only apply to DCO					
		Moreover, it is	could be undertaken on	applications					
		anticipated by	Flintshire owned land.	submitted after a					
		the Applicant	However, these	date to be					
		that the BNG	proposals have not yet	specified. The					
		requirement will	been quantified.	potential legal					
		apply across all	Whether off-site BGG is	requirement for					
		terrestrial	undertaken on Public or	10% net gain will					
		infrastructure	Privately owned land, it	be associated with					
		projects, or	is considered that, in	the date of the					
		terrestrial	order to secure	start of the					
		components of	establishment,	planning decision-					
		projects,	appropriate long-term	making processes					
		accepted for	management and monitoring, the applicant	rather than the					
		examination by the Planning	should enter into a legal	onset of construction.					
		Inspectorate	agreement that includes	Therefore, the					
		through the	provision for a	Applicant					
		NSIP regime by	commuted sum to	considers that the					
		November 2025	ensure compliance and	Environment Act					
		(subject to the	to confirm that the BMG	legislation in					
		provisions of the	was being establish to a	respect of the 10%					
		applicable	good standard.	BNG requirement					
		National Policy	good ottanidanan	will not apply,					
		Statements or	Should consent be	under any					
		Biodiversity	granted, future proofing	circumstances, to					
		Gain	woodlands could be	the DCO Proposed					
		Statement).	secured to some extent	Development.					
		Projects	by reference to						
		accepted for	elements of the United	Facilitating BNG					
		examination	Kingdom Woodland						

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		before the	Assurance Scheme	Discussions					
		specified	(UKWAS) which is a	around facilitating	As 1.4.2 - It is	The Applicant notes FCC's	Noted, FCC will		
		commencement	comprehensive	the necessary	accepted that the	comment regarding avoiding	await detailed		
		date would not	certification standard for	habitat offsetting to	applicant will	hedgerow loss.	design and final		
		be required to	woodland management.	achieve	seek to avoid		BNG proposals		
		deliver	The standard includes	biodiversity net	hedgerow loss as	The Applicant acknowledges	and reserve the		
		mandatory BNG	chapters covering	gain (BNG)	reasonably	FCC's comments regarding	right to comment		
		under the terms	Natural, Historical and	(evidencing this	practical.	planting up of gaps in	at a later stage.		
		of the	the Cultural	through the		hedgerows. However, the			
		Environment	Environment, and	biodiversity metric	The comment	Applicant, would be required			
		Act.	Management Planning	wherever possible)	regarding the	to seek additional			
		A 11 /	including woodland	are on-going with	replacement of	agreements with landowners			
		Applicant	creation. UKWAS	Flintshire	the whole hedge	to affect hedgerows beyond			
		i) Neverthel	certification would mean	Countryside	was not to	those areas directly			
		ess,	that the woodlands are	Service. The	remove more	impacted by construction			
		biodiversi	being managed in	Applicant	hedgerow but to	(i.e. those that fall within the			
		ty	accordance with the	considers that	replant the full	construction working			
		interests	best practice.	specific habitat	length of a	corridor), which would be			
		and the	TI	interventions or	gappy/poor	disproportionate in the			
		wider	There is concern that	schemes to	hedgerow	context of the localised			
		policy/	the level of BNG will be	facilitate such	adjoining the	impacts of construction. Any			
		statutory	dependent on	interventions will	DCO rather than	additional planting of gaps			
		context	landowners' and	be identified,	just the pipeline	would also require			
		those	stakeholders'	quantified as far as	location.	consideration of			
		interests	willingness to offer land	practicable, and	This would	management over the			
		sit within,	for this purpose. Where	outlined within an	This would	establishment period, as a			
		both in	land is made available	updated BNG	depend on	minimum. To qualify for			
		England	there is concern with	assessment report	landowner	consideration as part of any			
		and	regards to how long	to be submitted at	agreement but	BNG strategy any			
		Wales,	` ,		could contribute	agreement would require the			
		remain	be secured. There will be a need to adequately	however, an update on	to the BNG requirement for	Applicant to secure access to land for management of			
		important and	incentivise landowners	progress with	new hedgerow.	hedgerows over a 30-year			
		relevant	to take part. This should	offset site	new neugelow.	period. This would place an			
		considera		identification is		unnecessary inconvenience			
		tions	agreement in the form of		Disappointing	on the landowner, as well as			
		whereby	a commuted sum to	Deadline 2. This	that hedgerow	the Applicant who would			
		significan	ensure off-site BNG is	documents the	translocation	require access to be agreed			
		t	provided.	Applicant's	considered too	to larger areas of land than			
		enhance	p. 01.000.	interaction with	onerous	would otherwise be			
		ment	The OLEMP [APP-229]	Flintshire	especially for	necessary. Given the			
		could still	(paragraph 3.2.9.)	Countryside	those hedgerows	number of hedgerows			
		potentiall	specifies UK seed	Service as	important for	located within the Order			
		y be	sourced and grown for	highlighted by FCC		Limits and adjoining the			
		secured	native tree/shrub/hedge	(see BNG Strategy		DCO Proposed			
		irrespecti	planting, which is	Update (document	Management of	Development (beyond those			

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		ve of the BNG statutor provising anticiped. Does the Application of Statutor provising anticiped. Does the Application of Statutor of BNG signification of B	The successful reinstatement of removed hedgerows is considered to be a key element in minimising post construction landscape impacts along the sections of underground pipe where AGIs and BVSs are not present. The successful reinstatement of removed hedgerows of underground pipe where AGIs and BVSs are not present. The successful reinstatement of removed hedgerows of underground pipe where AGIs and BVSs are not present. The successful reinstatement of hedgerows of underground pipe where AGIs and BVSs are not present. The successful reinstatement of hedgerows of underground pipe where where will be sections of missing hedgerows along the line of the route but no other evidence of the construction as the land would be restored. It is possible that, from certain viewpoints, a number of hedgerows gaps would be visible which would indicate where the line of the pipeline is below ground and it is considered that this will feature as a scar across the countryside. To ensure that this does not take place, once the hedgerows have ben replanted and grown there should be no evidence of the pipe at all. Rather than replacing	reference: D.7.23) submitted at Deadline 2). As part of these off-site interventions, BNG Good Practice Principles will be adhered to, and underpinned by legal agreements. This includes the requirement of long-term management by suitably qualified or experienced bodies, adhering to a prescribed habitat management plan which will be drafted and agreed during detailed design. Discussions are ongoing around who will manage these habitats in the long-term and suitable payment structures will be agreed to ensure this ongoing dedicated management is fully costed to ensure compliance. The Applicant considers this a vital and fundamental principle associated with	the soil and the associated seed bank (relevant to established ancient hedgerows) needs to be included within the LEMP if not already.	included within the construction working width) this would likely result in a not insignificant financial outlay. The Applicant therefore feels it is disproportionate to seek to plant up gaps in hedgerows outwith those impacted within the construction working width by construction. In respect of hedgerow translocation, the Applicant refers FCC to its response to Q1.4.3 within Applicant's Comments on Responses to ExA's First Written Questions [REP2-038]. In addition, it should be recognised that the Order Limits are not representative of the final construction working width. The Applicant will develop a detailed design and route and apply a construction working width of 32m within the Order Limits. Through this, the Applicant will further reduce its impact upon land and landowners accordingly. To effect hedgerow translocation would likely require the Applicant to increase the size of the construction working width, which the Applicant considers inappropriate and disproportionate given appropriate mitigation and reinstatement of hedgerows has been provisioned within the mitigation measures and principles as presented			

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		iii)	ment, can the Applicant set out how it could further boost and achieve meaningf ul overall biodiversi ty enhance ments? Does the Applicant agree that s106 agreeme nt use involving a commute d sum mechanis m to facilitate biodiversi ty enhance ments may be a feasible/ suitable option available? To what extent has peatland, wetland or salt marsh	poor, it would be preferable to replace the whole length of the hedge. These longer sections of replanted hedge would make replacing just the gaps less of a repeating pattern in the countryside and mask the pipe's route, reducing visual sensitivity. In addition to hedge planting, the option for Hedgerow translocation especially for established ancient hedgerows and those identified as having good bat activity needs to be explored. This has been successfully achieved on other gas pipeline and road schemes within Wales, particularly in Carmarthenshire in South Wales. The maintenance for replacement hedgerows of the OLEMP [APP-229] (para 4.3.17) requires more detailed consideration as the height of new hedges should not be cut in the first five years if it is intended lay them. Hedge laying should be undertaken in accordance with the 'Midland Style' which is best suited to newly	evidencing BNG. As detailed within the response at row 2.12.9 in the Applicant's Response to the Relevant Representations [REP1-043], the Applicant will continue to seek to avoid hedgerow loss as much as reasonably practical during the detailed design stage of the DCO Proposed Development. Additionally, measures have been included within the Outline CEMP [REP1-017 and CR1-119], for the planting of any areas of hedgerow removed to facilitate construction. The Applicant considers it disproportionate to remove extended lengths of established hedgerow, including poor hedgerows, as this would increase impacts on established linear habitats unnecessarily and could have		within the Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan [REP2- 021]. The Applicant can confirm that the LEMP [APP-229], secured by Requirement 11 of the dDCO [REP3-005 and CR2-008], will include details of the management of the soil and seed bank where appropriate.			

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				Comment					
		creatio	n/ planted hedgerows. This	implications on					
		restora	tio detail can be agreed	their use by					
		n (or	with the LPA during the	protected and/or					
		similar		notable species					
		been	detailed LEMP as part	(for example bats).					
		conside	ere of the approval of the	The Applicant has					
		d as ar		provisioned micro-					
		enhand		siting of the					
		ment th		pipeline through					
		links to		existing gaps in					
		shared		hedgerows, as					
		interes		captured within					
		of clima		item D-BD-009 of					
		change		the OCEMP					
		risk		[REP1-017 and					
		resilien	ce	CR1-119] . The					
		from		metric incentivises					
		flooding	9	adherence to the					
		and		mitigation					
		enablin	9	hierarchy. Only					
		nature		those sections of					
		based		hedgerow needing to be removed to					
		forms of carbon		facilitate					
				construction are					
		capture If not,	·-	being considered,					
		why ha	S	as per the					
		it not	3	mitigation					
		been		hierarchy, which					
		conside	are l	aligns with the					
		d?	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	BNG Good					
		IPs		Practice Principles.					
		v) Submit		Removal of					
		your		additional lengths					
		views	on	of hedgerow would					
		seeking		also require					
		biodive	- I	extending					
		ty		management,					
		enhand	e	monitoring and					
		ment/		maintenance,					
		facilitat	in	placing additional					
		g BNG		burden and					
		inclusiv		obstacles upon the					
		of any		Applicant					
		future		unnecessarily.					
		proofin	g.	With regards					

	CC Response for PL7
NG Strategy fur	loted, FCC has no urther comments to nake.
	dated version of NG Strategy 5-012] has been itted at Deadline ther updates of NG Strategy 5-012] and BNG sment [REP3-will be submitted o the end of the

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				Interested Party Comment					
		so doing	For example, BNG	interventions or					
		promote the	could be provided in	schemes to					
		resilience of	part by hedgerow	facilitate such					
		ecosystems.	restoration and	interventions which					
		Section 7 of the	replacement for the full	will be identified,					
		Act entails	length of hedge rather,	quantified as far as					
		biodiversity lists	than just the DCO	practicable, and					
		and duty to take	development width as	outlined within an					
		steps to	raised above within	updated BNG					
		maintain and	Q1.4.3.	assessment report					
		enhance		to be submitted at					
		biodiversity. It is	Other linear schemes	Deadline 5, with an					
		noted by the	within Wales have	updated					
		ExA that the	required legal	assessment					
		Welsh Ministers	agreements to be	associated with					
		must also take	entered into that include	impacts occurring					
		all reasonable	the provision for	within the Order					
		steps to	appropriate funding	Limits to be					
		maintain and	administered as grants	provided at					
		enhance the	to landowners.	Deadline 3 and an					
		living organisms	Francisco con la control	update to the BNG					
		and types of	Funding can be costed	Strategy Update					
		habitat(s)	for agreed BNG but will	Document					
		included in any	need to include	submitted at					
		list published under Section	mechanisms for	Deadline 2					
		42 and	instigating the grants.	(document reference: D.7.23).					
		encourage	Grant schemes are						
		others to take	successful where there	The Applicant					
		such steps.	is a project officer who	considers that any					
		Applicant	can undertake the	habitat					
		i) Signpost in the	landowner liaison and	interventions to					
		examination	subsequent monitoring	achieve a BNG will					
		documentation	of the schemes. Such	be secured					
		how the above	schemes can be	through a suitable					
		duty would be	delivered via the local	agreement(s) to					
		complied with?	authority or another	ensure successful					
		ii) The BNG	body such as the local	compliance.					
		Assessment	Wildlife Trust, (North						
		submitted	Wales Wildlife Trust in	Cross cutting					
		indicates	Flintshire) the Woodland	options available					
		compliance	Trust, Farming and	to boost BNG/					
		with the	Wildlife Advisory Group	<u>biodiversity</u>					
		above	or related farm advisory	enhancement					
		statutory	group.						
		provision is		The Applicant					

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		being	Potentially, if the	refers to its					
		pursued	projects fit in with the	response to Q1.4.5					
		during the	proposed Sustainable	(iii) (page 30) in					
		Examination,	Farming Scheme in	the Applicant's					
		in part,	Wales then there will be	Response to ExA's					
		through	long term commitment	ExQ1 [REP1-044]					
		engagement using the off-	to their success.	in respect of cross- cutting options.					
		site	Hedgerows are likely to	cutting options.					
		compensatio	be protected from	In respect of					
		n scenarios.	grazing for the life of the	hedgerows, the					
		However, if	associated fences.	Applicant refers to					
		such an		the response					
		approach is	As for the LEMP	provided within					
		to be utilised	proposals, there is a	Q1.4.3 above in					
		how will this	need for the External	respect of					
		be delivered	Auditor to be retained or	hedgerow					
		to ensure	a separate organisation	translocation and					
		both legal	(eg Woodland Trust,	restoration of full					
		compliance	North Wales Wildlife	lengths of					
		and robust	Trust etc) commissioned	hedgerow.					
		long-term	to ensure the security of						
		management	the long term						
		iii) Has the	management. At						
		Applicant	present, it is understood						
		scoped	that the External Auditor						
		cross-cutting options	would only be present during the construction						
		available to	phase of the project.						
		boost BNG/	priase of the project.						
		biodiversity	Other						
		enhancement	mitigation/compensation						
		with respect	schemes in Flintshire						
		to its own	tend to be associated						
		scheme in	with the Great Crested						
		combination	Newt. The most						
		with the	successful schemes are						
		strategic	those where the site is						
		ecological	handed over or are						
		challenges	leased long term to a						
		facing	"Nature Conservation						
		statutory	Body" with adequate						
		consultees in	funding.						
		both England and Wales?	Cross cutting options						
		iv) The ExA	available to boost BNG/						

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		considers that off-site BNG proposals should be more thoroughly explored and encourages early endeavours to achieve off-site BNG and a significantly greater overall value. The ExA requests the Applicant's views of realistically achieving meaningful off-site BNG (for a minimum of 30 years and formally registered) and the net level anticipated after development. v) The Applicant is advised to take a flexible approach to BNG/ meaningful biodiversity enhancement delivery options. This extends to							

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		delivery of							
		net gain on							
		both publicly							
		and privately							
		owned land							
		covering							
		green or blue							
		infrastructure							
		features							
		(including							
		new:							
		woodland,							
		wetland							
		creation,							
		seagrass							
		meadow							
		establishmen							
		t/ restoration,							
		saltmarsh							
		establishm't/							
		restoration).							
		vi) The ExA							
		invites such							
		options to be							
		further							
		explored with							
		relevant							
		consultees							
		and							
		landowners							
		as a means							
		to boost							
		overall BNG							
		levels. In that							
		regard the							
		ExA seeks a							
		timetable to							
		be submitted							
		setting out							
		the							
		discussions							
		taking place							
		with relevant							
		landowners/							
		strategic							
		bodies							

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		having regard							
		to local							
		ecological							
		initiatives							
		(either in							
		place or							
		which could							
		be develop in							
		the vicinity							
		which may be							
		able to be							
		boosted.							
		vii) It is noted							
		by the ExA							
		that the							
		Joint Nature							
		Conservatio							
		n ···							
		Committee							
		(JNCC) is							
		the public							
		body that							
		advises the UK							
		Government and							
		devolved							
		administrati							
		ons on UK-							
		wide and							
		international							
		nature							
		conservatio							
		n. It							
		includes							
		members							
		from the							
		nature							
		conservatio							
		n bodies for							
		England,							
		Scotland,							
		Wales and							
		Northern							
		Ireland and							
		independent							

		Comment	response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
1	members							
	appointed							
	by the							
	Secretary of							
	State (SoS)							
	for the							
	Environmen							
	t, Food and							
	Rural							
	Affairs.							
	JNCC							
	provide a							
	shared							
	scientific							
	nature							
	conservatio							
	n service for							
	the UK - the							
	mechanism							
	for the UK							
	Government							
	and							
	devolved							
	administrati							
	ons to pool							
	their							
	resources to							
	obtain							
	evidence							
	and advice							
	on nature							
	conservatio							
	n and							
	natural							
	capital. Has the advice							
	of JNCC							
	been							
	considered?							
	If not, state							
	why and							
	indicate							
	whether the							
	Applicant is							
	able to							
	procure							

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		such advice during the Examination							
		IPs							
		viii) Any							
		comments, responding							
		to questions							
		i) to vii)							
		above are							
Q1.4.8	Great	welcome. The ExA notes	Flintshire is a	The Applicant	Noted	The Applicant can confirm	Noted FCC will	The Applicant can	Noted, FCC has no
Q1.1.0	Crested	the content of	recognised "hotspot" for	acknowledges	FCC are aware	that shadow licences for	await submission	confirm that shadow	further comments to
	Newts	Appendix 9.2	Great Crested Newts	FCC's comments	that "shadow	Wales will be submitted to	of shadow	licences for great	make.
	F00	Great Crested	(GCN) with	regarding the	licences" will be	NRW, these include shadow	licences and	crested newts and	
	FCC	Newt Survey Report – Part's	Supplementary Planning Guidance 8a for GCN	adequacy of baseline survey	produced. It would be useful	licences for GCN, bats, and badger. The Applicant can	reserve the right to comment at a	badgers were submitted to NRW	
		1-4 [APP094];	Mitigation	information	to have sight of	provide sight of the shadow	later stage.	and FCC on 04 July	
		[APP-095];	Requirements.	accrued.	them when	licenses to FCC.		2023.	
		[APP-096]; and		A 15 .	available.				
		[APP-097].	https://www.flintshire.go v.uk/en/PDFFiles/Planni	The Applicant can confirm that it is					
		Applicant	ng/SPG8a-Great-	preparing a draft					
		Clarify and detail	Crested-Newt-	European					
		whether you believe there is	Mitigation-	Protected Species					
		adequate	Requirements.pdf	(EPS) licence to be provided to					
		baseline survey	The GCN surveys	NRW for their					
		information to confirm or	undertaken provide an	review and					
		discount the	adequate baseline;	comment with a					
		potential	GCN have been	view to securing a					
		presence of Great Crested Newts	previously recorded in a number of the ponds	Letter of No Impediment from					
		(GCN) as a	surveyed, so presence	NRW (LoNI). The					
		relevant	is assumed.	Applicant can					
		consideration in all parts of the	As stated in the REAC	additionally confirm that it has					
		pipeline route.	all species-specific	already held					
		Confirm/ signpost	mitigation and predicted	discussions with					
		the details of migration where	impacts would be	NRW regarding					
		the GCN would	captured under an	appropriate					
		be traveling to/	European Protected Species mitigation	mitigation and licensing					
		from? Can the Applicant	licence subject to	requirements and					
		provide further	agreement with NRW	that NRW have					
		details as to what	but to date it is	provided further					

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		mitigation measures would be included if GCNs not already anticipated by relevant survey are subsequently found? Can the Applicant also clarify if there is a need for a separate GCN mitigation plan? • IPs: Are there any comments/ concerns you wish to raise with respect to the above matters?	understood that no discussions have been undertaken. Since, GCN have been recorded in close proximity to the DCO boundary from Ewloe to Flint including the Deeside and Buckley Newt Sites SAC, the majority of the pipeline within Flintshire has the potential to impact GCN terrestrial habitats. As a result, it is anticipated that additional mitigation measures would be required as part of the NRW licence application. These might include restoration or creation of ponds and terrestrial habitat enhancement, additional tree and shrub planting. A separate GCN mitigation plan would assist the licensing process.	guidance and thoughts on the matter, as evidenced within Table 2-1 Record of Engagement in Relation to the DCO Proposed Development, in particular meetings 02/02/2023 and 09/03/2023 of the SoCG with Natural Resources Wales [REP1-023]. As detailed within Table 3-3 – Issues Related to the Proposed Development – Ecology - NRW 3.3.11 of the SoCG [REP1-023], the Applicant and NRW have discussed the need and means of capturing a conservation/mitig ation plan for GCN. The approach to this has been agreed within NRW, particularly acknowledging that in the absence of a detailed design for the DCO Proposed Development, there is a requirement for a degree of generality about the licence at this					

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
Q1.4.17	Wildlife Corridors FCC	Applicant At the ExA's Unaccompanied Site Inspections [EV-003] and [EV-004] the probable existence of 'informal' wildlife corridors within nearby surrounding areas was observed which could be potentially used by a wide variety of species. Clarify how the effect of the proposed	FCC would agree the integration of the construction of the proposed DCO development with the adjacent habitats and wildlife corridors is important. This point is also relevant to the Council's response to Q1.4.5 'Biodiversity enhancement and Ecosystem Resilience' The option for hedgerow translocation especially for established ancient hedgerows and those identified as having good bat activity needs to be explored. This has	The Applicant will continue to engage with NRW in respect of the draft EPS licence for GCN with a view to agreeing its content and approach, acknowledging the final application at the detailed design stage will require further refinements. Future discussions and agreements will be captured within updates to the SoCG with NRW [REP1-023]. The Applicant refers FCC to its response to Q1.4.17 (ii) (pages 41 & 42) within the Applicant's Response to ExA's ExQ1 [REP1-044] in respect of the interactions of the DCO Proposed Development, mitigation, and wider landscape/habitats. In respect of hedgerow translocation, the Applicant refers FCC to its responses to	Please refer to response at Q1.4.3	Refer to the Applicant's response within Q1.4.3.	Noted, FCC will await detailed design and final BNG proposals and reserve the right to comment at a later stage	An updated version of the BNG Strategy [REP5-012] has been submitted at Deadline 6. Further updates of the BNG Strategy [REP5-012] and BNG Assessment [REP3-023] will be submitted prior to the end of the Examination.	further comments to

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		development on potential informal wildlife corridors has been considered. Explain the extent of integration of any ecological enhancements/ mitigation with existing informal wildlife corridors and how those elements are to be secured through the DCO. Explain what scope is available within the overall engineering and new landscaping works proposed by the DCO to enable ecological corridors the earliest chance of re-establishment prior to completion of all works. Also explain how such potential provision could be secured formally. Have novel and innovative nature based approaches been sufficiently explored? What mitigation is proposed to ensure protected species and other species are protected from noise and vibration?	been successfully achieved on other gas pipeline and road schemes within Wales and avoids the need for replanting as referred to above. It is understood that details are to be provided regarding maintaining hedgerow connectivity for bats such as lesser horseshoes at the design stage. This would be provided in the detailed LEMP a the discharge of requirements stage. FCC's Ecologist is aware that "trees on trolleys" have been used on other schemes which can be wheeled into place at the end of the working day to maintain connectivity. This could be explored for this project.	Q1.4.3 and Q1.4.4 above. The Applicant refers FCC to its responses to Q1.4.1 (iii) (page 41) and Q1.4.19 (iii) (page 45) within the Applicant's Response to ExA's ExQ1 [REP1-044] and can confirm that the means/design of faux hedgerow sections for maintaining connectivity during construction will be confirmed at the detailed design stage.					

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
	10. Flood R	isk, Hydrology, W	ater Resources and Con	tamination					
Q1.10.4	Flood Risk LLFA SDSAB		It is understood that the water Table in the Sandycroft and Pentre areas is generally found at a depth of circa 1.20 – 1.50 Metres and is widespread.	The Applicant notes that, where any dewatering activities are proposed to support construction, then a Dewatering Management Plan (DMP) and Groundwater Management and Monitoring Plan (GWMMP) will be prepared by the Construction Contractor. The GWMMP will consider collection of pre-construction groundwater level data which can be used to inform the risk of groundwater flooding. An Outline Dewatering Management Plan and Outline Groundwater Management and Monitoring Plan will be submitted prior to the end of Examination. The Applicant notes that, whilst there are noted areas of historical flooding, these are above ground and as the proposed pipeline is buried at those locations,	It is noted that a Dewatering Management Plan and a Groundwater Management and Monitoring Plan will be prepared by the Construction Contractor for appropriate locations. I consider this to be a positive proposal and welcome receipt of the Outline Plans for both activities.	The Applicant acknowledges the response and can confirm that an Outline Dewatering Management Plan and an Outline Groundwater Management and Monitoring Plan will be submitted at Deadline 5.	FCC will consider both the Outline Dewatering and Management Plan the Outline Ground Water Management and Monitoring Plan when submitted at Deadline 5.	The Applicant notes the response and has no further comment at this time.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.
1		Dewatering		it is unlikely that					

WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
		Management Plan and a Groundwater Management and Monitoring Plan is able to be submitted to inform the Examination? • Applicant and IPs Significant dewatering is expected adjacent to the River Gowy and the West Central Drain. These are in the Gowy and Ince Marshes WFD surface water bodies. Do IPs have any comments to make on that aspect or any other aspect of the proposal? Can any related ecological benefits be secured in tandem with dealing with flood risk management issues arising?		the proposed pipeline will exacerbate any of the existing flood risk. The proposed pipeline alignment will take into account the alignment and the location of the existing drainage assets, and the design will avoid clashes with these assets.					
	14. Noise a	nd Vibration							
Q1.14.6	FCC	• Having reviewed the methodology and calculations set out in ES Chapter 15 (Noise and Vibration) [APP-067], it would appear that very	Given the predicted noise output for certain locations during the construction phase, there is a high probability and severe likelihood of the FCC receiving complaints from residents. FCC do not agree with the defence to statutory nuisance methodologies	The Applicant acknowledges that noise complaints from individual receptors are possible when construction works are in proximity. However, due to the linear nature of the construction works,	FCC are in agreement that the applicant 'may' have a defence to any statutory nuisance complaints by use of Best Practical Means,	The Applicant agrees that the detail of any mitigation to meeting Best Practicable Means will be provided in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan under D-NV-003 of the REAC [REP2-017 and CR1-109], and as secured by the CEMP under Requirement 5 of the dDCO	Noted. FCC reserve the right to comment on the Outline Noise and Vibration Management Plan after DL5 – FCC will respond at DL6 if necessary	The Applicant notes the response and has no further comment at this time.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.

WQ Ref	Question	Question	Interested Party	Applicant's	FCC Response	Applicant's Response	FCC Response	Applicant's	FCC Response for
	10		Comment	Interested Party	IOI DES		IOI DES	Comments (DE0)	DET
	to	noisy equipment will be in use at certain locations for approximately 80% of the time. Indeed Paragraph 15.9.4 notes "some receptors in all sections are likely to experience either a medium or a high adverse noise impact at some point during the construction phase." It also	that the applicant has proposed. Mitigation is not a defence if any proceedings are brought under the Environmental Protection Act. Clarification is required in respect the defence to proceedings and arbitration in respect of statutory nuisance for noise and its interplay with existing statute. Furthermore, FCC are not clear on construction/operational /decommissioning time frames	response to Interested Party Comment any impacts would be of relatively short duration. Under D- NV-003 of the REAC [REP1-015 and CR1-109], and as secured by the CEMP in Requirement 5 of the dDCO [REP1- 004], the Contractor is obliged to nominate a community liaison representative, who would be responsible for managing and responding to complaints in accordance with the Noise and Vibration Management Plan,	however the detail of any mitigation to meeting Best Practical Means has not been provided at this time and it will be under discussion when completed final Management Plans are submitted and assessed as part of the Requirements.	[REP3-005 and CR2-008]. The Applicant can confirm that an Outline Noise and Vibration Management Plan will be submitted at Deadline 5.	for DL5	Comments (DL6)	DL7
		records the magnitude of impact as being considered to be a "significant effect (significant)".		which will be approved by the Local Authority in the CEMP as committed in D-NV-002 of the REAC [REP1-015 and					
		Bearing this in mind the ExA would ask the Relevant Local Authorities (CWCC and FCC) whether they: consider there to be a potential for complaint resulting from the use of such		CR1-109]. Temporary rehousing will also be considered through consultation with the Local Authority, if necessary, in accordance with D-NV-010 of the REAC [REP1-015 and CR1-109]. Allegations of statutory nuisance from construction works would					
		equipment and/ or the duration of such use of equipment; have any concerns in		typically be dealt with using the Control of Pollution Act. Under those					

regard to Article 9 (Defence to Proceedings in emission (Best Practicable Means (Best Practicable Mean	WQ Ref	Question to	Question	Interested Party Comment	Applicant's response to Interested Party Comment	FCC Response for DL3	Applicant's Response	FCC Response for DL5	Applicant's Comments (DL6)	FCC Response for DL7
			(Defence to Proceedings in respect of statutory nuisance) as set out in the draft		mitigation (Best Practicable Means (BPM)) is a statutory defence. It is recognised that proceedings can also be brought under the Environmental Protection Act (EPA); however, Article 9 of the draft DCO would also similarly protect the Applicant from proceedings under the EPA based on use of BPM or compliance with the approved CEMP as committed in D-NV-002 of the REAC [REP1-015 and CR1-109]. FCC are required to approve the CEMP secured in Requirement 5 of the dDCO [REP1-004], and so will ultimately have control of the mitigation measure					

Table 2-5: Applicant's Comments on Submission Received from Flintshire County Council (FCC) at Deadline 5 [REP5-039]. (Local Impact Report)

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
	Part	Assessment Of Impacts						
	C	ADOLLATOL COV AND DUIL T AND OU	LTUDAL HEDITAGE					
2 1 62	12 .	ARCHAEOLOGY AND BUILT AND CU		For clarity CDAT and	The Applicant	For the	Following a	Noted ECC can
2.1.62	12.10.	It is understood that CPAT and the applicant are in agreement with the mitigation suggested in the Environmental Statement, and the agreed outline Archaeological Written Scheme of Investigation [APP-223]. CPAT have confirmed that the outline Written Scheme of Investigation is largely robust and appropriate. This gives the Council and CPAT confidence that the evaluation work already recommended by CPAT, together with additional evaluation and mitigation options suggested by the applicant's consultants, would be adequately address any archaeological impacts arising from the proposals for the proposed DCO development.	While the principles of the mitigation strategy are agreed, the specifics are not yet available and will require further discussion. CPAT has requested an archaeological watching brief on all works during construction, but the Applicant does not believe this is proportionate. Further information can be found in the Applicant's Response to Examining Authority's First Written Questions to Q1.7.1 (page 65) [REP1-044]. Ongoing discussions in relation to this matter are being captured in the FCC Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) [REP1-020].	For clarity, CPAT and FCC are not asking for a watching brief over the whole works area, but targeted at those ground reduction locations where no trenching evaluation or subsequent mitigation has been agreed. A watching brief should be maintained and targeted on ground reduction work and not over the whole works areas (easement strip, new access tracks, works compounds, pipe trench) to formation level for areas of the scheme beyond the locations for agreed mitigation arising from evaluation trenching completed at the pre and post consent stages or outside agreed areas of strip/map/excavate (SME) coverage. This is required to identify and mitigate impacts to archaeology which will not have been detected by the geophysics or the limited evaluation trenching of geophysical	The Applicant is not clear whether CPAT and FCC are asking for an archaeological watching brief in areas where evaluation trenching has negative results (i.e. no archaeology is located), and is seeking confirmation. As previously discussed in the Applicant's Response to the ExAs First Written Questions [REP1-044], watching briefs will be considered in some areas where required, such as locations where there is a higher potential for earlier prehistoric remains or where	For the avoidance of any doubt, and for clarification of both the applicant and the ExA, FCC and CPAT are definitely not requiring a watching brief where evaluation trenching provides negative results and has never taken this position. This is a misunderstandin g on the applicant's part. FCC and CPAT are requesting a watching brief in areas where there has been no prior archaeological trenching evaluation previously. To confirm, there should be a watching brief, within the parameters already set out by FCC and	Following a meeting between the Applicant and Clwyd Powys Archaeological Trust held on 28th June 2023, it is agreed that an archaeological watching brief is not required on all works during construction. It is agreed that areas not subject to evaluation during the Phase 2 trenching will require a watching brief or strip, map and sample, within the working construction width.	Noted, FCC can confirm that we are in agreement with the parameters of the proposed required watching brief and we have no further issues to raise with the ExA.

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
				anomalies. The watching brief should be completed by a suitably qualified archaeological contractor in accordance with an approved WSI.	evaluation is not possible. However, if areas have been subject to evaluation trenching and the results are negative, it is not proportionate to undertake an archaeological watching brief in these areas.	CPAT. This is considered to be a standard requirement on a linear pipeline corridor proposal.		
		Descide and Buckley News Sites SAC						
2.1.93	13.30.	specific mitigation to benefit the Flintshire GCN population which would be over and above that agreed within the LEMP. The licence requirements would need to be included in details submitted to the LPA as part of the approval of the LEMP.	It is recognised by the Applicant that protected species licensing for GCN is the primary means to safeguard the species during construction. The contents and mitigation of any agreed protected species licence would be reflected within the LEMP [APP-229].	Noted FCC are aware that "shadow licences" will be produced. It would be useful to have sight of them when available.	The Applicant can confirm that shadow licences for Wales will be submitted to NRW, these include shadow licences for GCN, bats, and badger. The Applicant can provide sight of the shadow licenses to FCC.	Noted FCC will await submission of shadow licences and reserve the right to comment at a later stage	The Applicant can confirm that the GCN shadow licence was submitted to NRW and FCC on 04 July 2023.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.
		Sessile Oak Woods, Habitats Protected Species identified within/adiac	ont to DCO corridor					
2.1.104	13.41.	Protected Species identified within/adjace Bats; Bat roosts. With regards to the impact of the development on bats and bat roosts there are a limited number of buildings or structures along the pipeline and DCO corridor within Flintshire. One barn; ref B133 is a confirmed day roost which is used by 4	The Applicant can confirm that applications for necessary protected species licenses will be made, with construction only commencing upon receipt of required licenses as detailed within item D-BD-002 of the OCEMP [REP1-017 and CR1-119].	Noted FCC are aware that "shadow licences" will be produced. It would be useful to have sight of them when available	Refer to the Applicant's response within row 2.1.93 above.	Noted FCC will await submission of shadow licences and reserve the right to comment at a later stage	The Applicant can confirm that the shadow bat licence will be submitted to NRW and FCC.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
		Common pipistrelles and 3 Soprano pipistrelles occurs within the DCO boundary at Aston. Where practicable a 10m buffer will be retained around the confirmed roost, otherwise an NRW license and mitigation will be required.						
	16.	NOISE AND AIR QUALITY - RESIDEN	TIAL/PUBLIC AMENITY			•		
2.1.151		Whilst the mitigation measures stated within the outline Construction Environmental Management Plan (OCEMP) and Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments (REAC) are noted, the operational and construction hours are unclear. Concerns are raised with regards to out of hours reasonable working time parameters and if there is potential requirement for consent under the Control of Pollution Act.	As provided in Section 2.2 of the Outline CEMP [REP1-017 and CR1-119], construction core working hours will be 08.00 to 18.00 Monday to Friday (excluding bank holidays) and from 08.00 to 13.00 on Saturdays. To maximise productivity within core working hours, the Construction Contractor(s) will require a period of up to one hour before and up to one hour after core working hours for the start-up and close-down of activities. As stated within Chapter 3 — Description of the DCO Proposed Development [APP-055], the DCO Proposed Development will operate without the need for any permanent on-site staff. The AGIs and BVSs will generally be operated remotely. As stated in the Other Consents and Licences Document [REP1-011], the Applicant has included a potential consent under the Control of Pollution Act 1974 (section 61) for any works that could cause noise nuisance. If required, this would be applied for prior to the start of construction (or prior to specific construction activities).	The Council maintains that uncontrolled start up and shut down operations, even with the controls under the CEMP, such as the use of external machinery including generators and start-up and maintenance of heavy machinery and plant have the potential for significant impacts to amenity especially given the Projects proximity to residential receptors. With suitable controls / restrictions the Council would however not be averse to certain out of hours start up and shut down activities. The Council would advise that this issue could be resolved by a further definition for "non-discernible activities" for start-up and shut-down operations and we would specifically say that these should not include certain activities including use	The Applicant notes that start up and shut down hours are routinely allowed outside the core hours as they include activities such as staff arrival, briefings, toolbox talks, health and safety checks etc. The Applicant is willing to discuss the wording of this to address any concerns regarding the scope of activity allowed but does not agree a scheme is required for the types of activities listed.	FCC would accept further discussion on this matter to amend any wording without the need for a scheme	The Applicant will continue to engage with FCC on this matter.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact (Deadline 1A)	Report Statement	Applicant's Respo	nse (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
						/starting up of engines	The OCEMP		(220)	
						of any external plant or	Section 2.2			
						machinery including	Paragraph			
						generators, heavy	2.2.1 [REP2-			
						plant and the use of	021] contains			
						high level flood	the following			
						lighting.	wording			
							pertaining to			
							start up and			
							close down			
							activities:			
							"This will			
							include, but			
							not be limited			
							to, deliveries,			
							movement to place of work,			
							unloading,			
							maintenance			
							and general			
							preparation			
							works. It will			
							not include			
							the operation			
							of any plant or			
							machinery			
							likely to cause			
							disturbance to			
							local residents			
							or			
							businesses."			
		Work No.	Proposal	PROW comments						
		Work No.	Creation and use of a	The proposed	The Outline	Noted	The Applicant	The comments	The Applicant's	Noted, FCC has no
		30E	temporary construction access from the A548, within the location shown on	construction access track is along Public Bridleway No.8	PROWMP [REP1-043], the latest revision of which was	Notice	does not agree or accept that surfacing of	are noted but FCC does not agree with the applicants	response to FCC comments at Deadline 3, in the Response to the	further comments to make. This matter is set out in the Council's Statement
			Sheets 13 and 14 of the Work Plans, including—	(309/8/10) from its junction with Sealand Road in a	submitted at Deadline 1 will be further		the bridleway is necessary or	stance and maintains its comments as	Applicant's comments to the Flintshire County	of Common Ground with the Applicant as 'not agreed'
			(a) improvement of an	southerly direction	developed		appropriate.	stated at	Council's Final	

Ref	al Impact Report Statement adline 1A)	Applicant's Respo	nse (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
	existing junction with the public highway; (b) improvement of road surfacing and provision of new hard surfacing; and (c) creation of visibility splays.	to the junction with Deeside Lane (309/10/30). The construction access track then continues along Deeside Lane to the proposed pipeline construction. Bridleway No. 8 is an unmade track which is not part of the adopted highway network. The Local Authority (LA) is under a duty to maintain it only to a standard for users on foot and on horseback. Deeside Lane has highway status as a public footpath only and the LA is only required to maintain the route up to a footpath standard. Both tracks are currently unsuitable for the proposed usage that would come with this proposal. The LA do not argue with the route being used as a temporary construction access on the basis that it is suitably upgraded to serve the construction traffic	during later stages by the Construction Contractor(s) to form a final PROWMP which will contain the following information to be approved by the relevant authority for each PRoW: Plans (showing the relevant control measures) Length (distance) of the closure Route, length and any surfacing proposals for diversions Details of any gates, stiles, or similar features to be removed and reinstated on any PRoW Details of signage to be provided for diversions and The appropriate standards for reinstatement of the PRoW The management for each PRoW will be secured in the final PRoWMP to be signed off by	Noted The Council notes the comments. However, while some heavy agricultural vehicles do use Bridleway No. 8, the usage is not considered to be consistent nor regular/frequent. The siting of the compound at this location would subject the Bridleway to usage by larger vehicles (such as HGV's) on a more regular, prolonged, and repetitive basis during the construction of the pipeline at this location. Reinstating the condition of the route on completion of the construction phase of the DCO Proposed Development is not considered satisfactory in light of scale and duration of the proposal, and the length of time that this construction compound would be used for. Therefore, FCC consider that the route should be surface with an appropriate material prior to the	The Applicant submits that this is already appropriately surfaced and will only need minor repairs and improvements pre and post occupation of the compound. The Applicant is satisfied that the bridleway is suitable for the proposed use and would highlight that it is currently frequently used by HGVs to access the various agricultural and light industrial properties accessed. The Applicant does not agree that their proposed use would be a material intensification of that use, particularly given the temporary nature of the use, which would require	Deadline 3 in [REP3-046] regarding the resurfacing of Bridleway No. 8 and also Deeside Lane (309/10/30). Deeside Lane may be considered to be in a rural area, however the lane serves as main access to a mix of residential, commercial and agricultural premises along the lane (approximately +20 properties/premi ses served by 309/10/30). The frequent current use of HGV's (recognised in the applicant's comments) and the current day-to-day traffic from commercial, private and agricultural premises is therefore considered quite significant. FCC consider that this should be secured in the outline PROWMP and	Local Impact Report [REP3- 046], still apply and make no further comment at this time.	The Council does not agree with the applicant' stance on this matter.

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Respon	nse (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
			that would be	each relevant	commencement of the	surfacing of	delivered	(DE0)	
			using it. We do not	authority prior to	development of the	this route.	through		
			feel that it would	the	construction	uno route.	requirement no.		
			be suitable to use	commencement	compound in this	The Applicant	5 now that point		
			any type of	of the relevant	location at Works no	notes that it	(n) has been		
			crushed	stage of works,	30E, and prior to the	has not	included as part		
			stone/aggregate	as required by	use of the Bridleway	assessed the	of the CEMP,		
			for the track as this	Requirement 5	for construction	drainage or	rather than a		
			would generate	of the draft DCO	vehicles.	landscape or	legal agreement.		
			dust pollution that	[REP1-004].		visual impacts	Togan angle control and		
			would be		With specific regard to	of surfacing			
			detrimental to	The Applicant	the construction	this track. The			
			anybody walking	notes that Public	access track which	Applicant			
			the rights of way	Bridleway No.8	incorporates Public	notes that it			
			and also to the	(309/8/10) is	Bridleway No. 8 &	has adopted			
			neighbouring	currently used	Footpath 309/10/30	an approach			
			properties and	by heavy	(along Deeside Lane),	of not			
			businesses. The	agricultural	the LPA is still seeking	providing new			
			use of the	vehicles. The	improvements prior to	tarmac			
			bridleway and	Applicant	the work commencing.	surfacing on			
			Deeside Lane	commits to	It is considered that	tracks in			
			would also	reviewing the	the proposal would	agricultural			
			increase potential	condition of the	have a negative	areas			
			conflict between	route and its	impact for both the	elsewhere so			
			walkers and	suitability for	commercial entities	that these are			
			vehicles.	construction	and residential	sympathetic			
			To support the	traffic, but does	properties on Deeside	with the rural			
			proposal of	not currently	Lane, such as noise	nature of the			
			Bridleway No. 9		and dust pollution.	landscape.			
			and Deeside Lane	appropriate/nece	Addressing the issue				
			being utilised as	ssary to upgrade	of surfacing these				
			the temporary	the condition	routes would alleviate				
			construction	prior to use. The	these issues prior to				
			access track we	Applicant	work commencing and				
			are requesting that the entire route	commits to	would also provide a legacy community				
			under 'Work No.	reinstating the condition of the	benefit for those				
			30E ' be upgraded	route to its	affected on Deeside				
			to a tarmac	original condition	Lane.				
			surface. This	(or better) on	Luiio.				
			would be suitable	completion of	FCC accept this could				
			for the construction	the construction	be delivered through				
			traffic, limit the	phase of the	Requirements No.5				
			dust pollution to	DCO Proposed	now that point (n) has				
			walkers and the	Development.	been included as part				
			community and be	_ 5.0.0piiioiiii	of the CEMP, rather				
			an improvement	The Applicant	than a legal				

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact R (Deadline 1A)	eport Statement	Applicant's Respon	nse (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
				for users as part of the legacy of the Hynet project. The details of the specification of this should be agreed as part of the approval of details at that stage in the development. This would mitigate against any negative effect of the development during the use of this track during construction. The Council would welcome the applicant entering into a legal agreement to ensure this section of the right of way network is upgraded to a standard suitable to sustain heavy traffic	does not believe a legal agreement is appropriate in this instance and would instead secure the standard of the PRoW through final PRoWMP, which will be submitted to and requires approval by the relevant planning authority, as secured in Requirement 5 of the dDCO [REP1-004].	Agreement. However, the Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan (OCEMP) Appendix 3 Outline Public Rights of Way Management [REP1-043] plan needs to be amended to include this point. At present, this document does not refer to this and therefore FCC considers this point should be specifically referenced for the avoidance of any doubt, and to ensure that the specification details can be approved prior to the works in that stage of the proposed development. This would provide certainty that the bridleway would be surfaced in the appropriate materials prior construction traffic using this route.				
		Work No. 42	Construction of an underground CO2 pipeline approximately 1.8km in length and with an external diameter of 36 inches (914.4 mm) between Work No. 41 and Work No. 43.	The PROW affected by the pipeline in this section are adequately protected with temporary diversions during works. PROW 303/143 runs through the site and no temporary diversion has been	This PRoW (Ref: 303/143) is intended to be diverted within the Order Limits, if required, during the construction of the DCO Proposed Development. Figure 17.6 and the dDCO will be	The Council would welcome the chance to view this at Deadline 3.	The Outline Public Rights of Way Management Plan was submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-028] and has been updated at Deadline 4 The Applicant awaits FCC's	Noted. FCC have reviewed the Outline PROWMP and are satisfied with the comments concerning the topics within it (NB: FCC are in disagreement regarding the surfacing of	The Applicant has responded to FCC regarding the surfacing of Deeside Lane and Bridleway No. 8 above.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make. This matter is set out in the Council's Statement of Common Ground with the Applicant as 'not agreed' The Council does not agree with the applicant' stance on this matter as set out

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
			shown which suggests it won't be affected during construction clarification is required. Updated at Deadline 3 to reflect this. The management for each PRoW will be secured in the final PRoWMP to be signed off by the relevant authority prior to the commence of the relevant stage of works, as required by Requirement 5 of the draft DCO [REP1-004].		response to that document.	Deeside Lane & Bridleway No. 8 and if this was secured via the requirements, the Outline PROWMP would need to be updated accordingly).		in the Council's Local Impact Report and representations throughout the Examination.
	20.	WATER ENVIRONMENT AND FLOOD						
2.1.180	20.5.	The Council has additional duties and powers associated with the management of flood risk under the Land Drainage Act. As Land Drainage Authorities, Ordinary Watercourse consent would be required for any permanent or temporary works that could affect the flow within an ordinary watercourse under their jurisdiction in order to ensure that local flood risk is not increased.	As set out in the Other Consents and Licences document [REP1-011], the Applicant will submit an appropriate application after the DCO is made.	FCC notes that the approval of the surface water drainage systems by the SuDS Approving Body (SAB) is not listed within [REP1-011]	The Applicant can confirm that this has been added into the Other Consents and Licences document [REP3-017], as submitted at Deadline 4.	During the course of the examination of this application, FCC has asked whether the Applicant would fully adhere with the Welsh Governments requirements for SAB Approval which is in compliance with the Flood and Water Management Act 2010, Schedule 3. The Council would expect all fees associated with SAB Approval to be met by the applicant. SAB Approval is	The Applicant can confirm that it was agreed with FCC that SAB applications are not required for the DCO Proposed Development.	FCC does not agree to this statement and the applicant's position on this matter. This has not been agreed. For the avoidance of doubt, SAB Approval would be required for any permanent hardstanding / impermeable areas in excess of 100 m² in area. Therefore, the proposed Block Valve stations and above ground installations will require separate SAB applications along with the permanent construction compounds on sites that are over 100 m².

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						undertaken by	, , ,	What hasn't been
						FCCs specialist		clear throughout the
						Engineering		process is how the
						Consultancy and		applicant proposes to
						this service is		deal with drainage on
						not provided in		temporary hard
						house. FCC		standings on sites of
						have been		more than 100m ² but
						unable to find		are temporary in
						any reference to		nature.
						SAB compliance		nature.
						in Table 2.2 or		To date, the applicant
						I		has not indicated or
						anywhere else.		
						For the		provided details with
						avoidance of		regards to how
								temporary
						doubt, SAB		hardstanding
						Approval would		compounds of more
						be required for		than 100m ² would be
						any permanent		drained to ensure
						hardstanding /		flooding would not
						impermeable		occur.
						areas in excess		
						of 100 M2 in		It has been agreed
						area.		that these temporary
								hardstanding areas in
								excess of 100m ²
								would not form part of
								a SAB application.
								None-the-less, the
								applicant would be
								required to submit the
								details to the SAB so
								that the SAB can
								ensure that flooding
								will not occur and that
								the temporary hard
								standing areas would
								be drained
								appropriately as the
								temporary compound
								areas would be
								required for the
								duration of the
								construction and may
								be in place for a
								considerable time

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
								period. Therefore, the applicant is advised to seek pre-SAB advice by submitting an application with the appropriate fee.
2.1.182	20.7.	It is noted that the REAC [APP-222] states that consents would be sought from LLFA for works affecting for Ordinary Watercourses.	As set out in Article 8 of the draft DCO [REP1-004], the requirement for ordinary watercourse consents is disapplied. In line with the ethos and objective of the DCO regime, a separate consent should not be required where this can be addressed through the DCO.	This is noted however, FCC would like to ensure that all documentation that would be required for Ordinary Water Course Consent is provided as part of the Requirements as it does not appear to be detailed in the draft DCO or specified in the requirements specifically.	The Applicant has requested that FCC reviews the outline plans and the strategy secured under the detailed requirements where this detail would be placed and advise what changes it is seeking.	Please refer to FCCs response to ISH1-AP4 [REP4-285] pertinent to Ordinary Watercourse Consent submitted at Deadline 4. FCC still maintains this position with regards to Ordinary Water Course Consent.	The Applicant has requested and awaits FCC's comments on the outline plans submitted at Deadline 5. The Applicant considers that these outline plans address this issue.	FCC has responded directly to the applicant on minor comments on the Outline Surface Water Management Plan and are content that the proposed Protective Provisions for the Drainage Authority will ensure details are provided by the applicant at the appropriate time in relation to works associated with Ordinary Water Courses which addresses the Council's concerns.
		Surface Water Drainage:		1	1	1		
2.1.184	20.9.	Schedule 3 of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010 makes sustainable drainage systems (SuDS) a mandatory requirement on all new developments involving more than a single dwelling or a construction area more than 100m ² .	The Applicant acknowledges the position of FCC and has no further comments at this time.	FCC notes that the approval of the surface water drainage systems by the SuDS Approving Body (SAB) is not listed within [REP1-011]	Refer to row 2.1.180 above.		Refer to row 2.1.180 above.	Refer to row 2.1.180 above. For the avoidance of doubt, SAB Approval would be required for any permanent hardstanding / impermeable areas in excess of 100 m ² .
2.1.187	20.12.	The DCO application also includes for the provision of temporary hardstanding areas for temporary construction compounds and access routes. It is not clear from the application documents how the Applicant will mitigate any impacts to watercourses, highways, or property as a consequence of any runoff from		FCC would be interested to learn from the applicant how surface water runoff will be managed from areas of temporary hardstanding as this is not usually considered as part of the SAB	This will be set out in the details provided in the CEMP, secured by Requirement 5 of the dDCO [REP3-005],	Requirement 5 of the CEMP indicates that both Groundwater and Surface Water Management and	The Applicant notes the response and has no further comments.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.

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		these temporary hardstanding areas. It is understood that temporary hard standing areas are not usually considered as part of an application for SAB approval. However, on the basis that these temporary hardstanding areas are likely to be in excess of 100 M², the length of time that these 'temporary' hardstanding areas maybe considerable, consent via the SAB may be a practical means for consideration and the applicant would be invited to include these areas that are proposed to be 'temporary' as part of the SAB application process. Early contact could also be made with the SAB via a request for pre-application advice.		approval. The applicant has not yet provided a response to this point raised.	for each stage which will include a surface water drainage strategy for the construction works.	Maintenance Plans will have to be submitted to and approved by the LPA which will allow temporary hardstanding areas to be considered.		
	21.	MINERALS SAFEGUARDING						
2.1.195	21.6.	Chapter 14 of the applicant's Environmental Statement [APP-066] refers to the requirement of producing a Material Management Plan (MMP). It confirms that a MMP would be produced by the Construction Contractor(s) as a Requirement of the DCO (as part of requirement 5 of the draft DCO with regards to the production of a CEMP) [APP-024]. This is welcomed to ensure that limited incidental extraction of mineral resource can be managed.	The requirement for a Materials Management Plan is included as a commitment in D-MW-006 of the REAC [REP1-015], as secured by the CEMP within Requirement 5 of the dDCO [REP1-004].	The applicant's response is noted. However, FCC still have concerns with regards to ensuring incidental extraction of mineral resource can be managed. The Minerals Resource Assessment (MRA) [APP-131 /132] or the need for any subsequent management plan for the management of minerals does not appear to be not specified / referred to in the draft DCO (Requirement 5), OCEMP [REP1-17] or REAC [REP1-015]. REAC Commitment D-MW-006 [REP1-015] states "The Construction	The Applicant has discussed this point with FCC and understands that the Council accepts in principle that this can be addressed in the Materials Management Plan (MMP). An Outline MMP will be submitted at Deadline 4 for the Council's review (document reference D.7.32). The Applicant has had regard to the	FCC has reviewed document reference D.7.32 'Outline Materials Management Plan' submitted by the applicant at Deadline 4 [REP4-266]. However, FCC notes that the Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan (OCEMP) document reference D.6.5.4 revised and submitted at Deadline 4 [REP4-237] which this outline Material Management	The Applicant can confirm that the Outline Materials Management Plan [REP4-266] considers minerals that may be excavated along the proposed DCO order route. The Applicant has no further comments at this time.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make.

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				Contractor will	comments	Plan is an	(==0)	
				implement, and follow	from FCC in	appendix of and		
				guidance within, the	production of	relates to, does		
				Materials Management	the Outline	not specifically		
				Plan (MMP) in	MMP.	refer to minerals		
				accordance with the		that may be		
				CL:AIRE Definition of		excavated along		
				Waste: Code of		the proposed		
				Practice". The		DCO order		
				Applicant states that		route.		
				this commitment in the				
				MMP would include re-		The Outline		
				use of 'suitable		MMP however		
				mineral resources'		appears to cover		
				The Council notes the		the issues raised		
				above REAC		at DL3.		
				commitment D-MW-				
				006 [REP1-015]				
				appears to principally				
				relate to the handling				
				of waste and does not				
				specify the use of				
				incidentally extracted				
				minerals. The use of				
				the word 'mineral' is				
				absent and there is no				
				reference to the				
				recommendations of				
				the MRA in and				
				commitments of the				
				REAC or OCEMP. It is				
				not currently explicit if				
				and how the use of				
				incidentally extracted				
				mineral resources				
				should be undertaken.				
				The Council also notes				
				that the MRA [APP-				
				131& APP132] is				
				currently only desk				
				based and as such,				
				the Council requests				
				that when ground				
				investigations are				
				undertaken as part of				
				the Project the impacts				

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3) on the existing MRA should be considered and potential for prior extraction or incidental	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
				extraction of incidental extraction and re-use of minerals should be considered further in order to safeguard / re-use minerals.				
				To address this, the inclusion of detail of minerals safeguarding in the MMP is supported, the Council would however ask the following clarifications / inclusions are provided in any submitted plan:				
				 Clear reference to the findings of the MRA with commitments for any further necessary ground investigations. A definition of what a 'suitable mineral resources' would 				
				represent? • Detail of process should the extracted material not be suitable as it was, but could be screened or sorted then used - clarification of is and how that would that be				

Ref	LPA Ref	Local Impact Report Statement (Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
				done? • Where extracted mineral can be re-used, on the site or elsewhere? It is noted that the Applicant states that an outline MMP will be submitted before the end of Examination. Therefore, the Council reserve the right to make further comments relating to minerals safeguarding		Deadline 5	(DL6)	
	22.	GENERAL COMMENTS ON THE DRAI	FT DCO	after reviewing the draft MMP.				
		Part 4						
2.1.21	22.5. 23.	Part 4; Supplemental powers, article 19; Discharge of water. It is considered that Article 19 (5) should also include reference to seeking Ordinary Watercourse consent. The Council suggest that the following wording should be considered: "The undertaker must not, in carrying out or maintaining the works pursuant to this article, damage or interfere with the bed or banks or construct any works within any Ordinary Watercourse without obtaining Ordinary Watercourse Consent from Flintshire County Council."	This addition would directly conflict with the provisions of article 8 where the requirement for ordinary watercourse consents is disapplied. In line with the ethos and objective of the DCO regime, a separate consent should not be required where this can be addressed through the DCO.	This is noted however, FCC would like to ensure that all documentation that would be required for Ordinary Water Course Consent is provided as part of the Requirements as it does not appear to be detailed in the draft DCO or specified in the requirements specifically.	Please see response to line 2.1.182 above	Please see FCC response to line 2.1.182 above.	Refer to row 2.1.182 above.	The Council are content that the proposed Protective Provisions for the Drainage Authority will ensure details are provided by the applicant at the appropriate time in relation to works associated with Ordinary Water Courses which addresses the Council's concerns.
2.1.29	23.3.	Furthermore, as set out in Section 19 above, should Development Consent be granted, to support the proposal of Bridleway 9 and Deeside Lane being utilised as the temporary construction access track, the Council considers it necessary for the entire route under 'Work No. 30E' be upgraded to a	Please see Applicant's response above in row 2.1.174 in response to FCC's LIR response in paragraph 19.2 [REP1A-005].	The Council notes the comments. However, while some heavy agricultural vehicles do use Bridleway No. 8, the usage is not considered to be consistent nor	The Applicant does not agree or accept that surfacing of the bridleway is necessary or	The comments are noted however, FCC does not agree with the applicant's stance and maintains its	The Applicant's response to FCC comments at Deadline 3, in the Response to the Applicant's comments to the Flintshire County	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make. This matter is set out in the Council's Statement of Common Ground with the Applicant as 'not agreed'

-	Ref	(Deadline 1A)	Applicant's Response (Deadline 2)	Council's Response/Comments (Deadline 3)	Applicant's Response	Council's Response Deadline 5	Applicant Response (DL6)	FCC Response DL7
		tarmac surface.		regular/frequent. The	appropriate.	comments at	Council's Final	
				siting of the compound	The Applicant	Deadline 3	Local Impact	The Council does not
				at this location would	submits that	[REP3-046]	Report [REP3-	agree with the
				subject the Bridleway	this is already	regarding the	046], still apply	applicant' stance on
				to usage by larger	appropriately	resurfacing of	and make no	this matter as set out
				vehicles (such as	surfaced and	Bridleway No. 8	further comment	in the Council's Local
				HGV's) on a more	will only need	and also	at this time.	Impact Report and
				regular, prolonged,	minor repairs	Deeside Lane		representations
				and repetitive basis	and	(309/10/30).		throughout the
				during the construction	improvements			Examination.
				of the pipeline at this	pre and post	Deeside Lane		
				location. Reinstating	occupation of	may be		
				the condition of the	the	considered to be		
				route on completion of	compound.	in a rural area,		
				the construction phase		however the lane		
				of the DCO Proposed	The Applicant	serves as main		
				Development is not	is satisfied	access to a mix		
				considered	that the	of residential,		
				satisfactory in light of	bridleway is	commercial and		
				scale and duration of	suitable for	agricultural		
				the proposal, and the	the proposed	premises along		
				length of time that this	use and would	the lane		
				construction	highlight that it	(approximately		
				compound would be	is currently	+20		
				used for. Therefore,	frequently	properties/premi		
				FCC consider that the	used by HGVs	ses served by		
				route should be	to access the	309/10/30). The		
				surface with an	various	frequent current		
				appropriate material	agricultural	use of HGV's		
				prior to the	and light	(recognised in		
				commencement of the	industrial	the applicant's		
				development of the	properties	comments) and		
				construction	accessed.	the current day-		
				compound in this	The Applicant	to-day traffic		
				location at Works no	does not	from		
				30E, and prior to the	agree that	commercial,		
				use of the Bridleway	their proposed	private and		
				for construction	use would be	agricultural		
				vehicles.	a material	premises is		
				With appoific regard to	intensification	therefore		
				With specific regard to	of that use,	considered quite		
				the construction	particularly	significant.		
				access track which	given the	It is considered		
				incorporates Public	temporary	It is considered		
				Bridleway No. 8 &	nature of the	that this should		
				Footpath 309/10/30 (along Deeside Lane),	use, which would require	be secured in the outline		

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				the LPA is still seeking	surfacing of	PROWMP and		
				improvements prior to	this route.	delivered		
				the work commencing.		through		
				It is considered that	The Applicant	requirement no.		
				the proposal would	notes that it	5 now that point		
				have a negative	has not	(n) has been		
				impact for both the	assessed the	included as part		
				commercial entities	drainage or	of the CEMP,		
				and residential	landscape or	rather than a		
				properties on Deeside	visual impacts	legal agreement.		
				Lane, such as noise	of surfacing			
				and dust pollution.	this track. The			
				Addressing the issue	Applicant			
				of surfacing these	notes that it			
				routes would alleviate	has adopted			
				these issues prior to	an approach			
				work commencing and	of not			
				would also provide a	providing new			
				legacy community	tarmac			
				benefit for those	surfacing on			
				affected on Deeside	tracks in			
				Lane.	agricultural			
					areas			
				FCC accept this could	elsewhere so			
				be delivered through	that these are			
				Requirements No.5	sympathetic			
				now that point (n) has	with the rural			
				been included as part	nature of the			
				of the CEMP, rather	landscape.			
				than a legal				
				agreement.				
				Hawayer 4 O 4' -				
				However, the Outline				
				Construction				
				Environmental				
				Management Plan				
				(OCEMP) Appendix 3				
				- Outline Public Rights				
				of Way Management				
				[REP1-043] plan needs to be amended				
				to include this point. At				
				present, this document				
				does not refer to this				
				and therefore FCC				
				considers this point				
				should be specifically				

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					referenced for the avoidance of any doubt, and to ensure that the specification details can be approved prior to the works in that stage of the proposed development. This would provide certainty that the				
					bridleway would be surfaced in the appropriate materials prior construction				
24.	COMMENTARY	ON APPLICANT'S DRA	⊥ AFT DCO REQUIREN	MENTS	traffic using this route.				
2.1.210	Part/Schedule	Observation	Recommendation						
	3: Stages	"The authorised development may not commence until a written scheme setting out all stages of the authorised development including a plan indicating when each stage will be constructed has been submitted to each relevant planning authority." The requirement does not require the stages scheme to be approved or for the undertaker to undertake the development in accordance with the submitted approved stages.	authorised development may commence until a	As set out in the Applicant's response to Q1.19.44 (page 138 to 143) in the Applicant's response to ExA's Frist Written Question [REP1-044], the submission of stages is proposed to give the LPAs visibility of the planned approach to the development. It is intended to assist the LPA in planning their work load by giving them warning of when applications would be made.	The Council requires a definition of 'Stage' to be included in this requirement on in the 'interpretation' section of the DCO. It is unclear what the parameters of each stage are and whether each Stage will include specific work numbers. The Council suggests the definition includes this level of detail and if the Stage needs to be amended throughout the Project then the relevant local planning authority is consulted on any change and its consultation response is taken into consideration.	The Applicant has proposed a definition of 'stage' in revision G of the dDCO at Deadline 4.	FCC acknowledges the below amendment to Requirement 1 (Interpretation) of the Draft DCO Rev G [REP4-007] provides a definition of "stage" as to mean "the works and ancillary works, or parts thereof, to be carried out together as a phase of, or in a defined order within, the construction of the authorised development". FCC note that Requirement 3	As set out in previous submissions, this plan is for information and to allow forward planning as to when applications for discharge will be made. It is not a control document.	Noted, FCC have reached agreement with the applicant on this matter and offer no further comments in relation to the proposed 'Stages' of the development.

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				the approved stages plan unless approved in writing by each relevant planning authority in accordance with Requirement 17.	It is not submitted for approval. The development will be carried out with multiple work fronts and with some elements, such as complex trenchless crossings carried out ahead of the main pipeline spread.	doubt, this requirement should be amended to ensure that the Project is implemented in accordance with submitted (or amended) Stages to ensure that all parties are clear on what is required and by when.		has not been amended to require the project to be undertaken in accordance with the stages as submitted. To ensure any subsequent changes made to the stages is reflected in all other approved schemes (CEMP, LEMP etc) and for the purposes of clarity as to details submitted for approval under the requirements FCC request that Requirement 3 is amended to require the project to be undertaken in accordance with the stages as submitted or amended (and notified to the relevant planning	(DL6)	
		4.(2) Scheme Design - Changes to above ground development	Question over what the "environmental effects" actually include? There is no definition is provided in Requirement 1 within the interpretation. Importantly clarity is required with regards	Suggested that a definition is included or wording amended to provide clarity	This is standard wording in DCOs and has been approved repeatedly by the Secretary of State, including in insertions made on their behalf at determination	The Council is concerned that this would effectively allow a self-approval mechanism for determining whether or not any changes are material. This same issue has been discussed at length on the A66 Northern	The Applicant does not consider it appropriate that the SoS needs to screen every change for materiality no matter how minor that	authority). FCC consider that the Local Planning Authority should determine if a change is or is not material.	The Applicant has nothing to add to its previous submissions on this point, please see Applicant's Comments on Submissions Received at	Noted, FCC have no further comments to make.

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		to who determines if the changes cause materially new environmental effects? And what are the mechanisms for approval?	stage. The Applicant notes that for details to be approved, the Infrastructure Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 apply and when details are submitted for approval the LPA is required to consider if they are within the scope of the ES or if further environmental information is required. For other elements, failure to comply with a DCO is a criminal offence and the undertaker will have to take a view on materiality in that context. Where the relevant LPA disagrees, its enforcement powers would be available to it.	Trans-Pennine DCO which is currently in Examination which is due to close on 26 May 2023. If a change is proposed, this change needs to be assessed by the Secretary of State as to whether or not it is material and therefore needs his approval or otherwise. The Council would suggest a similar approach be taken in this Project.	may be. The Applicant does not consider this to be necessary. The Applicant notes it is normally for the Applicant to determine what form of amendment a change is when determining the appropriate consenting route to make an application, and it is for the Applicant to make the case for the chosen route.		REP5-015] which states: The Applicant notes that this is entirely standard wording in DCOs where an element of flexibility to produce the detailed design is required. The general arrangement plans are, at this stage, indicative pending detailed design. The details of the above ground elements will be submitted to the relevant LPA for approval under the requirements. The Applicant considers that 'general accordance' with the plans for the underground elements is a judgement it is best placed to make as engineering and safety considerations will drive that design which will not have, eg, operational visual impacts.	

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		5. (2) (a-m) CEMP – Management plans, Working Methods and Mitigation Measures	Specific measures for construction works are missing including plant and equipment detail; night-time noise levels; minerals safeguarding is not specifically referenced in the MMP	Include the following additional measures: Detail of all construction plant and equipment. Specify noise limits and mitigation (day and night-time). The Material Management Plans should be renamed to Material and Minerals Management Plan to ensure Minerals Safeguarding (in accordance with outline minerals safeguarding assessment). Address / mitigate identified risks from contamination. A mechanism for review should also be included	These details are secured in the plans as set out in the outline and do not need to be repeated in the requirement itself. A review mechanism is not required as the CEMP will only apply during construction and each plan to the stage/s it is for. A Materials Management Plan is governed by the Definition of Waste Code of Practice and is used to assess if earthworks can be reused. A Materials Management Plan is not associated with the extraction or use of minerals — this is considered in the Mineral Resource Assessment. As such, the Applicant does not agree that the Materials Management Plan should be renamed.	As identified at 2.1.195 above, the Council is not clear how matters of mineral resource management are to be secured in the final CEMP. At this stage, the Council ask that the consideration / inclusion of mineral management be explicit in the final CEMP.	As above, the Applicant considers that this can be addressed in the MMP and is providing an Outline at Deadline 4 (document reference D.7.32) for review.	FCC consider that a mechanism for review would be useful as a CEMP and accompanying Mineral Management Plans would be submitted for each stage of the development, therefore it is considered that there would be an opportunity for review throughout the implementation of the consent, should it be granted. FCC has reviewed document reference D.7.32 'Outline Materials Management Plan' submitted by the applicant at Deadline 4 [REP4-266] and notes that the management of minerals is now considered in the OMMP which contradicts the applicant's views and response at DL2 where it states that "A Materials"	A review mechanism is not required as the CEMP will only apply during construction and each plan to the stage/s it is for. The Applicant notes that the discussion on the scope of this plan with FCC occurred after Deadline 2 and this change demonstrates that the Applicant has been seeking to accept reasonable requests made by the Council. The Applicant accordingly objects to this criticised as an inconsistency.	

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						Management Plan is not associated the extraction or use of minerals - this is considered in the Minerals Resource Assessment". The OMMP references the Minerals Resource Assessment (MRA), however, it does not specifically require its findings to be taken into account or undertaken. In this respect the Council ask that the OMMP is amended to directly reference the MRA and should include the requirement to provide copy to Construction Contractors.		

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		13. Construction Hours (1-5)	The current wording of requirement 13 (3) (c) would appear to allow works outside of the stated construction hours in any eventuality – this is quite open-ended. The proposed exceptions and definitions in relation to the proposed construction working hours are not considered acceptable.	Consider more precise wording	The Applicant will agree to amend the DCO so that working for what is currently (c) would require approval under a scheme but maintains that allowing 24 hours working for (a), (b) and (d) is necessary and appropriate.	(Deadline 3) The amendment is noted however, the Council questions how a scheme for working under 13(3)(c) would be secured / undertaken. The Council therefore requires the removal of Requirement 13 (3) (c) and would only accept the retention of operations under 13(3) (a), (b) and (d), subject to the noise and vibration management plan, to be approved as part of the final CEMP, including detail of any additional mitigation for of all out of hours working including that for operations identified under these parts.	The Applicant notes that amendments have been made to this requirement at Deadline 3 and further amendments are proposed in the Deadline 4 submissions.	Deadline 5 FCC notes that revision G of the draft DCO has removed reference to out of hours working in the event of extreme weather conditions and welcomes the updates in this requirement. FCC has no further comments at this stage but reserves the right to further comment should this be subsequently changed in future revisions.	(DL6) The Applicant notes that FCC reserves the right to comment on this matter further.	Noted, FCC has no further comments to make at this stage.
		16. Restoration of Land	"Subject to article 34 (temporary use of land for carrying out the authorised project)], any land within the Order limits which is used temporarily for or in connection with construction must be reinstated to a condition fit for its former use, or such other condition as the relevant planning authority may approve, within 12 months of completion of the authorised project."	Re-word to require full detail of restoration scheme or remove and combine into Requirement 16 Or include more detail in the soil management plan	This requirement is a reserve power to allow the LPA to require restoration in default or where there is an issue. The primary mechanism for controlling restoration is the land agreements which will include for example schedules of condition before possession is	The Council maintains that the restoration of land and suitable aftercare is a planning matter, land ownership is not. The draft DCO should be re worded to require full details of a restoration scheme, combined within Requirement 16 or include more detail within the soil management plan.	The Applicant does not agree and would refer the Council to its responses to the action points from ISH2 on the dDCO (document reference D.7.31).	FCC note the Applicants position presented within in Paragraphs 2.21 and 2.23 of the Applicants Written Summaries of Oral submissions made at the Issues specific Hearings - Part 3 [REP4-264]. FCC does not agree and maintains the view that	The Applicant does not agree and has nothing further to add to its previous submission.	FCC does not agree with this point which is clearly stated within the Statement of Common Ground. FCC has nothing further to add to its previous comments on this matter.

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		"fit for its former use" - not precise or enforceable and would not secure return the higher grades of agricultural land back to their former grading / condition including drainage etc Requirement 15 as a whole is not precise or enforceable and does not require the approval of a scheme of restoration and aftercare if required.	taken, the details of restoration, which will in the main be to the former use. Drainage would be reinstated in its former location. Deterioration in land would be a compensatable issue not a planning one. Aftercare of agricultural land once returned to the landowners' use is not appropriate or reasonable as it would not only interfere with the land agreements between the landowner and Applicant but would require the Applicant to control land for longer than necessary, to interfere with the landowners use, to take rights for longer than necessary and it is accordingly disproportionate to move from the control of the landowner to the LPA.	(Deadline 3)		provision to secure appropriate aftercare for the appropriate amount of time should be secured through the requirements. It is noted that the revised Outline Soil Management Plan doc ref D.6.5.4.1 [REP4-240] acknowledges in para 6.1.1 that it can take between one to three years for their [soils] structures to stabilise. FCC argues that the applicant's own admission provides further justification for a five-year aftercare period. Furthermore, it is considered that the Local Planning Authority should also verify the successful restoration of the site an successful subsequent aftercare as opposed the		
						applicant's own 'competent soil		

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		_	Operational Maintenance and management and decommissioning are distinctly separate stages of the project and cannot be easily dealt with together in one scheme? Does not detail restoration aftercare?	Split into two requirements for the approval of schemes for restoration/aftercar e, if necessary, on agricultural land and one for decommissioning. Include a Decommissioning Environmental Management Plan (DEMP).	The Applicant has no objection to splitting this into two requirements. Restoration aftercare from construction is addressed above. Restoration of decommissionin g would be covered by the DEMP secured	The Council welcomes splitting this requirement into operational and maintenance environment management (OMEMP) and decommissioning environmental management plan (DEMP). However as is noted above, above, these plans need to include detail of full restoration and				FCC does not agree with this point which is clearly stated within the Statement of Common Ground. FCC has nothing further to add to its previous comments on this matter.
				As above - Detail of restoration and aftercare needs to be provided for approval can be incorporated here or a detailed scheme approved under Requirement 15. Need to include wording for scheme to be completed / undertaken in accordance with approved details.	by Requirement 17 of the dDCO [REP1-004].	aftercare schemes.		FCC does not agree and maintains the view that provision to secure appropriate aftercare for the appropriate amount of time should be secured through the requirements. See response above with regards to Requirement 16.		

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		Schedule 2: Part 2: Applications made under requirements								
		23. Multiple relevant authorities	Any request for comments on multiple authorities – "21 days" Timescale is short and doesn't allow any agreed extensions of time. This is in effect a preapp to and between the two authorities – the need for timescales at all is questioned? If a timescale is accepted there should at very least be the ability to agree an extension of time. The current wording is not	Remove provision or provide a reasonable extended period of time and ability to agree an extension of time i.e. "within such longer period as may be agreed by the undertaker and the host authorities in writing	The Applicant is willing to add the flexibility requested to allow agreement of a different period.	The Council would welcome the inclusion of flexibility to agree longer timescales, however, a 20 day response time would be an unreasonably short period of time for the Council to be able provide any substantive response.	The Applicant notes that the 20 days period is only to provide comments on the form of proposed applications. The Applicant does not agree that is insufficient.	The Council notes the inclusion in draft DCO revision E [REP3-005] for the ability to agree longer timescales, and on further review the Council is happy to accept the wording of Article 23 as drafted.	The Applicant considers that this matter is now resolved.	FCC agrees that this matter is now resolved and has no further comments to make.
		24. (2) Further Information	"(2) If the relevant authority considers further information is necessary and the requirement does not specify that consultation with a requirement consultee is required, the relevant authority must, within 5 business days of receipt of the application, notify the undertaker in writing specifying the further information required. Notification required in 5 business days to specify further information required." Even for internal consultees it is not considered reasonable to only	Amend to longer and reasonable time scale, include the provision for allowing an extension of time for an agreement.	The Applicant would be willing to add the flexibility requested to agree a longer timescale, and will agree to change 5 days to 10, but will not agree to extend the 21-day period.	This amendment is noted, however the Council would still consider 10 days to be an unreasonably short period of time, especially where detailed responses are required from internal and external consultees. The Council maintain that this either be amended to a more reasonable length of time (e.g. 21 days) or removed in its entirety	The Applicant does not agree and would refer the Council to its responses to the action points from ISH2 on the dDCO (document reference D.7.31).	FCC maintains their position as per Deadline 3 response that it does not support the inclusion of controls in respect to the requests for further Information under Requirement 24 (2-4) of draft DCO revision G [REP4-007].	The Applicant does not agree and has nothing further to add to its previous submission.	FCC does not agree with this point as stated within the Statement of Common Ground and has nothing further to add to the previous submissions.

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		Article 24 (3) Further Information	allow 5 working days for notification for further information. Notwithstanding the admin time, consultees will need time to fully review the provided material to be able to advise if further information will be required. This is not considered reasonable or acceptable. "(3) If the requirement specifies that consultation with a requirement consultee is required, the relevant authority must issue the consultation to the requirement consultee within five business days of receipt of the application and must notify the undertaker in writing specifying any further information requested by the requirement consultee within five business days of receipt of such a request and in any event within 21 days of receipt of the application." The timescales stated are unreasonable. Requiring a specified timescale for consultation of external bodies is not considered		Where consultation is needed on a requirement that would be stated in the requirement and known upfront. The Applicant will not agree to remove this wording but would be willing to amend the period to 10 days.	In view of the provisions / time scales and ability to agree extension of time afforded for under Article 21 (8 weeks) the Council questions the need for any restriction on consultation times and requests for additional information. Notwithstanding this point, should the ExA accept the retention of consultation restrictions under this article, in view of the standard 21-day response time for external consultees, it is considered unreasonable to only allow 21 days for the Council to respond to the undertaker for additional information, especially where there is the potential for delays in external consultee responses	The Applicant does not agree and would refer the Council to its responses to the action points from ISH2 on the dDCO (document reference D.7.31).	Please refer to comments under Article 24(2)	Please refer to the Applicant's comments above.	FCC does not agree with this point as stated within the Statement of Common Ground an has nothing further to add to the previous submissions.

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			necessary. This can be adequately dealt with under an agreed extension of time under Schedule 2 Part 2 (19(1)).	are received on day 21. In this respect the Council do not consider it unreasonable to						
		Article 24(4) Further Information	"(4) If the relevant authority does not give the notification mentioned in sub paragraphs (2) or (3) or otherwise fails to request any further information within the timescales provided for in this paragraph, it is deemed to have sufficient information to consider the application and is not thereafter entitled to request further information without the prior agreement of the undertaker." This provision effectively removes the LPA entitlement to request further information if the 5 day timescales are missed. This is unreasonable. If insufficient info has been provided the host authority should have the right to ask for further information as deemed necessary. If this was to remain in place the Host Authority, if missing it's 5 day notice period, would have no choice but to refuse the requirement application – this would be counterproductive.	Remove provision.	The discharging authority has the ability to ask for further information, within the timescales stated, not at any time thereby delaying determination unpredictably and with an impact on delivery of the NSIP project. The Applicant does not agree that this standard wording should be deleted. The Applicant will not agree to remove this wording but would be willing to amend the period to 10 days.	meaningful consultation. The Council maintains that this provision should be removed, it could be more likely to result in a decision being made with insufficient information which could result in a refusal, particularly given the tight time scale, delaying the delivery of the Project further rather than allowing the local planning authority to work pro-actively with the Applicant	The Applicant does not agree and would refer the Council to its responses to the action points from ISH2 on the dDCO (document reference D.7.31).	Please refer to comments under Article 24(2)	Please refer to the Applicant's comments above.	FCC does not agree with this point as stated within the Statement of Common Ground and has nothing further to add to the previous submissions.